



The Classic Canal Cruise Stockholm – Gothenburg

Two seas, one river, three canals, eight lakes and 66 locks!

Day 1

Individual arrival in Stockholm and check in to your hotel. Perhaps some time to explore Stockholm.

Day 2

09.00	Self transfer & departure from Stockholm, Skeppsbrokajen 103	
09.30	Hammarby lock	The first lock on our journey divides Saltsjön from Lake Mälaren.
09.40-12.30	Lake Mälaren	0.3 metres above sea level. Sweden's third largest lake.
10.30	Drottningholm Castle	Drottningholm Castle, the home of the Royal family since 1981, is on UNESCO's list of World Heritage sites.
12.30-12.40	Södertälje	Södertälje lock, 135 metres long, is the largest lock in Scandinavia.
12.40-	The Baltic	The archipelago of St Anna and Södermanland.
16.00-18.00	Trosa	The small town of Trosa dates all the way back to the 14th century. It was then known as a fishermen's village. Regular steamer traffic from Stockholm and Nyköping began in 1860, bringing large numbers of summer visitors. You will be taken on a guided walk around the canals and alleys (app. 2.5 km).

Day 3

00.15	Stegeborg	The ruins of the Stegeborg Castle are beautifully situated on a small island overlooking the bay of Slätbaken. The fort dates from the early Middle Ages and was built to guard the inlet to Söderköping.
01.00-04.00	Mem	On 26 th Sept. 1832, the Göta Canal was inaugurated at Mem amid great pomp and circumstance in the presence of King Karl XIV Johan and his

family. You will pass through the first of the 58 narrow locks on the Göta Canal.

05.25-05.35	Söderköping	The idyllic town Söderköping was founded in the early 1200s and was very important during the Hanseatic period. The town also has a long and very interesting history as a spa. From Söderköping to the lock Carlsborg Övre there are eight locks on a stretch of app. 4 km. A nice place to go ashore and walk along the canal.
08.35-09.05	Lake Asplången	27 metres above sea level.
10.35	Norsholm lock	Here the canal crosses the main railway line between Stockholm and Malmö.
10.35-12.30	Lake Roxen	33 metres above sea level.
12.30	Berg (Carl-Johan)	<i>The Carl-Johan lock staircase is the longest in the canal with seven connected locks.</i> The convent of Vreta dates from about 1100 and was the first nunnery in Sweden. Its importance was later superseded by the convent founded by Saint Bridget (St. Birgitta) at Vadstena. The old convent church at Vreta is one of Sweden's most interesting, offering many medieval treasures. Today, it is used as a parish church and is therefore not always open to visitors. The tour guide will take us on a walk (app. 3 km, partly uneven) to see the church and the remains of the convent. As an alternative you can walk along the canal, or take a swim in the warm water of Lake Roxen.
15.00	Berg (Heda)	The ship has passed all 15 locks in the Berg lock system. It is time to board for departure.
15.15	Ljungsbro, aqueduct	You pass the first of two aqueducts in the canal. The Ljungsbro aqueduct was built in 1970.
17.45	Kungs Norrby, aqueduct	The aqueduct at Kungs Norrby was built in 1993 as part of the national route 36.
18.15-18.25	Borensberg	At Borensberg there is a hand-operated lock. Shortly before the lock you pass a small gazebo leaning out over the canal in a sharp bend known as the "Helmsman's Horror", and after that you will see the well-known Göta Hotel, built in 1908.
18.25-19.25	Lake Boren	73 metres above sea level.
19.25-19.55	Borens hult	Lock staircase of five locks where you might hear the nightingale sing.
21.00	Arr. <u>Motala</u>	It was Baltzar von Platen who drew up the plans for Motala, and today it is called "the Capital of the Göta Canal". In 1822 an engineering works, Motala Werkstad, was established here to serve the Göta Canal and is today considered to be the cradle of Swedish industry. Here you also find the head office of the Göta Canal Company, responsible for operation and maintenance. Visit the Motor Museum, with its large exhibition of antique cars and motorcycles in authentic surroundings, collection of radios, toys, household appliances and more. You can also walk to see Baltzar von Platen's grave, about 1 km along the left side of

the canal. *Overnight stop.*

Day 4

05.45	Dep. Motala	You leave Motala and head out into Lake Vättern.
05.45-08.00	Lake Vättern	89 metres above sea level. Sweden's second largest lake.
08.00-10.00	Karlsborg Fortress	You will visit Karlsborg Fortress, initiated by Baltzar von Platen and built 1819-1909. The guided tour is a journey through time and space, full of surprises and special effects.
10.45-10.55	Forsvik	Forsvik has a very interesting industrial history. The lock, built in 1813, is the oldest one in the canal. The impressive iron bridge dates from the same year. In the lock you will be greeted with songs and flowers by the Kindbom family, a religious group.
10.55-11.40	Billströmmen/ The Spetsnäs Canal	Through two narrow, wood-lined passages and small lakes full of water lilies, as the boat is steered out into Lake Viken.
11.40-13.10	Lake Viken	The beautiful Lake Viken (91.8 metres above sea level) serves as a water reservoir for the western section of the Göta Canal.
13.10	Tåtorp	At Tåtorp there is another hand-operated lock. From here on you will be going downwards!
13.40	The Berg Canal/ the Obelisk	An obelisk marks the highest point (91.5 metres above sea level) of the canal. This part of the canal is called the Berg Canal and originally had a sharp bend which was straightened in 1930-33.
15.55	Töreboda	The railway line between Stockholm and Gothenburg crosses the canal here. Töreboda also proudly presents Sweden's smallest ferry, "Lina", which travels back and forth across the Göta Canal.
16.40-17.00	Hajstorp	A lock system consisting of four locks. In 1822 the western section of the Göta Canal was inaugurated at Hajstorp. Here you can see the old home of the Canal Engineer. If you want to stretch your legs this is a good place, Hajstorp to Godhögen lock is app. 1,5 km or to Norrkvarn is app. 5km.
18.40	Norrkvarn	All onboard!
20.10-22.15	Sjötorp	At Sjötorp there is a set of eight locks, and also the remains of some old shipyards. You will visit the old warehouse, where the Visitors' Centre and the Sjötorp Canal Museum are located. Here you can see old pictures of Sjötorp, the interiors of several old ships, a large collection of ships' engines, etc. There is also a map of all the sunken ships in the Lake Vänern. It is also possible to take a walk along the locks.
22.30-05.45	Lake Vänern	44 metres above sea level. Sweden's largest lake and the third largest lake in Europe, after the Ladoga and Onega lakes in Russia.

Day 5

08.00-09.30	Trollhättan	The Trollhättan Canal Museum is located in a storehouse from 1893. Learn more about the fascinating history of the Trollhätte Canal through the interesting exhibition and film shown here. You can also take a walk through the beautiful old lock area.
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09.30- 10.30	Trollhättan, locks	The impressive lock staircase at Trollhättan consists of four locks, and has a total drop of 32 metres. Of the three parallel lock systems here, only the biggest one (from 1916) is still in use.
11.30- 11.45	Lilla Edet	The lock at Lilla Edet, built in 1916, is the last lock on our journey. The original lock was opened in 1607 and was the first lock in Sweden.
14.30	Arr. Gothenburg, Packhuskajen 10	Our cruise ends at Packhuskajen 10, near the spectacular Opera House and the Maritime Centre in Gothenburg. Self transfer to your hotel in Gothenburg.

Day 6

Perhaps some time to explore Gothenburg before your departure

This schedule is subject to change



The Classic Canal Cruise Gothenburg – Stockholm

Two seas, one river, three canals, eight lakes and 66 locks!

Day 1

Individual arrival in Gothenburg and check in to your hotel. Perhaps some time to explore Gothenburg.

Day 2

09.00	Self transfer & departure from Gothenburg, Packhuskajen 10	
13.15- 13.30	Lilla Edet	The lock at Lilla Edet, built in 1916, is the first lock on our journey. The original lock was opened in 1607 and was the first lock in Sweden.
14.45- 15.30	Trollhättan locks	The impressive lock staircase at Trollhättan consists of four locks, and has a total drop of 32 metres. Of the three parallel lock systems here, only the biggest one (from 1916) is still in use.
15.30- 17.00	Trollhättan	The Trollhättan Canal Museum is located in a storehouse from 1893. Learn more about the fascinating history of the Trollhätte Canal through the interesting exhibition and film shown here. You can also take a walk through the beautiful old lock area.
18.00	Vänern	This is the last town before you head out into Lake Vänern. The "Brinkebergskulle" lock is just before Vänern.
18.30- 03.00	Lake Vänern	44 metres above sea level. Sweden's largest lake and the third largest lake in Europe, after the Ladoga and Onega lakes in Russia.
22.45	Läckö Castle	The Castle was built in 1298 as a bishop's residence. Its golden age was during the reign of Magnus Gabriel de la Gardie, who transformed it into a baroque castle in 1652.

Day 3

03.00- 04.30	Sjötorp	Here you enter the first of the 58 narrow locks on the Göta Canal. At Sjötorp there is a set of eight locks and also the remains of some old shipyards.
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06.10-08.00	Godhögen – Hajstorp övre	Pass through a lock system consisting of four locks in beautiful surroundings. In 1822 the western section of the Göta Canal was inaugurated at Hajstorp. For “early birds” walking is possible from Godhögen to Hajstorp, app. 1.5 km.
09.00	Töreboda	The railway line between Stockholm and Gothenburg crosses the canal here. Töreboda also proudly presents Sweden’s smallest ferry, “Lina”, which travels back and forth across the Göta Canal.
11.20	The Berg Canal/ the Obelisk	An obelisk marks the highest point (91.5 metres above sea level) of the canal. This part of the canal is called the Berg Canal and originally had a sharp bend which was straightened in 1930-33.
11.50	Tåtorp	One of the canal’s two hand-operated locks is found at Tåtorp.
11.50-14.00	Lake Viken	The beautiful Lake Viken (91.8 metres above sea level) serves as a water reservoir for the western section of the Göta Canal.
13.00-14.00	The Spetsnäs Canal/ Billströmmen	The boat is guided through two narrow, wood-lined passages and small lakes full of water lilies.
13.50-14.00	Forsvik	Forsvik has a very interesting industrial history. The lock, built in 1813, is the oldest one in the canal. The impressive iron bridge dates from the same year. In the lock you are greeted with songs and flowers by the Kindbom family, a religious group. From here on you will be going downwards!
14.50-17.00	Karlsborg Fortress	You visit Karlsborg Fortress, initiated by Baltzar von Platen and built 1819-1909. The guided tour is a journey through time and space, full of surprises and special effects.
17.00-19.00	Lake Vättern	89 metres above sea level. Sweden’s second largest lake.
19.00	Arr. Motala	It was Baltzar von Platen who drew up the plans for Motala, and today it is called “the Capital of the Göta Canal”. In 1822 an engineering works, Motala Werkstad, was established here to serve the Göta Canal and is today considered to be the cradle of Swedish industry. Here you also find the head office of the Göta Canal Company, responsible for operation and maintenance. Enjoy a visit to the Motor Museum, with its large exhibition of antique cars and motorcycles in authentic surroundings, collection of radios, toys, household appliances and more. You can also walk to see Baltzar von Platen’s grave, about 1 km along the left side of the canal. <i>Overnight stop.</i>

Day 4

05.00	Dep. Motala	
06.00-06.30	Borenskult	Lock staircase of five locks where you might hear the nightingale sing.
06.30-07.30	Lake Boren	73 metres above sea level.
07.30-07.40	Borensberg	Borensberg has another of the canal’s hand-operated locks, after which you will see the well-known Göta Hotel from 1908. Just past the hotel there is a small gazebo leaning out over a sharp bend in the canal,

known as the “Helmsman’s Horror”.

08.00	Kungs Norrby, aqueduct	The aqueduct at Kungs Norrby was built in 1993 and leads over the national route 36.
10.40	Ljungsbro, aqueduct	You pass the second aqueduct on our journey. This one was built in 1970.
11.00	Berg (Heda)	At Berg you pass through a system with a total of 15 locks. The convent of Vreta dates from about 1100 and was the first nunnery in Sweden. Its importance was later superseded by the convent founded by Saint Bridget (St. Birgitta) at Vadstena. The old convent church at Vreta is one of Sweden’s most interesting, offering many medieval treasures. Today, it is used as a parish church and is therefore not always open to visitors. The tour guide will take us on a walk (app. 3 km, partly uneven) to see the church and the remains of the convent. As an alternative you can walk along the canal or take a swim in the warm water of Lake Roxen.
12.00-13.00	Berg (Carl-Johan)	The Carl-Johan lock staircase is the longest in the canal with seven connected locks. Board the ship again before steering out on the lake!
13.00-15.00	Lake Roxen	33 metres above sea level.
15.00	Norsholm lock	Here the canal crosses the main railway line between Stockholm and Malmö.
16.45-17.15	Lake Asplången	27 metres above sea level.
18.40-19.45	Carlsborg–Mariehov–Duvkullen	At the lock Carlsborg Övre there are the first of the eight locks taking us down to Söderköping.
20.00-21.00	Söderköping	The idyllic town Söderköping was founded in the early 1200s and was very important during the Hanseatic period. The town also has a long and interesting history as a spa. Söderköping is yours to explore on your own. Don’t forget to try the famous ice cream!
22.20	Mem	Passing through the last narrow lock before Slätbaken, an inlet of the Baltic, we leave the Göta Canal. On 26 th Sept. 1832, the Göta Canal was inaugurated at Mem amid great pomp and circumstance in the presence of King Karl XIV Johan and his family.
22.20-07.15	The Baltic	A short trip across the open water and then weave through the archipelago in the early morning light.
Day 5		
07.15-07.25	Södertälje	Södertälje lock, 135 metres long, is the largest lock in Scandinavia.
07.25-13.50	Lake Mälaren	0.3 metres above sea level. Sweden’s third largest lake.
09.00-11.00	Birka	The Viking community of Birka on the island of Björkö is often regarded as Sweden's first town. The town was then an important harbour for international shipping and trade. It was in use for about 250 years and

was abandoned before the year 1000. Birka features on UNESCO'S World Heritage list. The archaeologists on the island show us around (app. 3 km, uneven terrain). You will also visit the museum.

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| 12.45 | Drottningholm Castle | Drottningholm Castle, home of the Royal family since 1981, is also found on the World Heritage list. You will pass the castle if time admits. |
| 14.00 | Hammarby lock | The final lock on our journey delivers us from Lake Mälaren into Saltsjön. |
| 14.30 | Arr. Stockholm, Skeppsbrokajen | Our cruise ends at Skeppsbrokajen 103, in the Old Town of Stockholm. Self transfer to your hotel in Stockholm. |

Day 6

Perhaps some time to explore Stockholm before your departure

This schedule is subject to change